

The Monthly Mu\$e

Ideas and concepts to consider



Ross E. DeValois, CFP®
Rylan E. DeValois, Financial Advisor
MidAmerica Securities Management Co.
404 E. College St, Suite 406
Iowa City, IA 52240
319-337-9842
800-896-4987
devalois@midamsecurities.com
www.midamsecurities.com



Greetings,

I hope everyone is enjoying the last few weeks of summer. For those who are "sending the kids back to school" you may want to consider how you can help your children or grandchildren absorb the rising costs of higher education. Like retirement, it is never too early to start planning and executing your strategies.

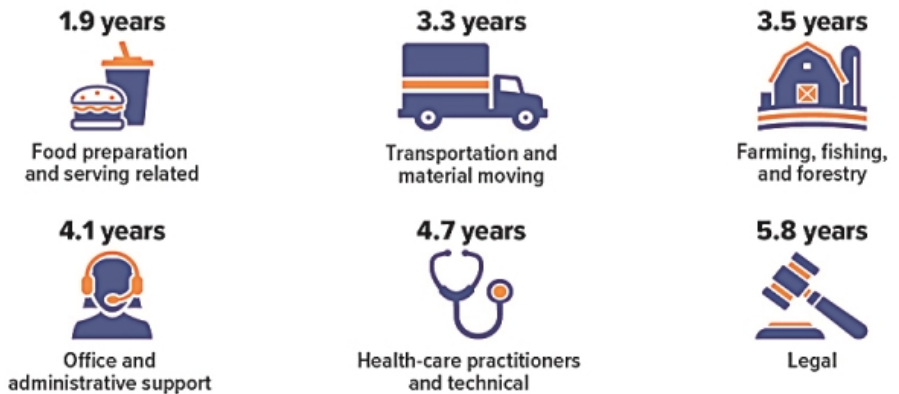
Please give me a call at the office so we can discuss how I can help.

Ross

How Long Do Workers Stay with Their Employers?

The median number of years that wage and salary workers had been with their current employer was 4.1 years in January 2020. However, employee tenure tends to vary based on many factors, including the type of occupation, and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on tenure remains to be seen.

Employee tenure, by occupation



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2020

Stock Market Risks in the Spotlight

During March 2021, the widening availability of COVID-19 vaccinations, signs of improving economic conditions, and a third, \$1.9 trillion stimulus package brought about more optimistic growth projections. Even though a healthy economy could be good news for many businesses and the financial markets, rising inflation expectations caused a multi-week sell-off in U.S. government bonds that pushed up longer-term yields and sent the Nasdaq Composite Index into correction territory on March 8, 2021.¹

Promising a patient approach, the Federal Reserve stated that it would not raise interest rates until the labor market fully recovers and inflation moderately exceeds the 2% target for some time.² But some investors worry that sharply higher inflation could force policymakers to boost rates sooner than originally expected.

Here's a closer look at some specific types of investment risk that could influence individual stock prices and/or cause broader market swings during the second half of 2021.

Inflation and Interest-Rate Fears

Inflation and interest rates are two different but closely related investment risks. The Federal Reserve is tasked with fostering full employment and controlling inflation. One way it balances these two goals is by lowering interest rates to stimulate business activity or raising rates to help slow inflation when the economy is heating up too fast.

High inflation erodes the value of investment returns, but when interest rates rise, bond values fall (and vice versa). These risks are obvious considerations for bond owners, but they also impact stocks. When goods, services, and credit cost more, consumers have less purchasing power, which can hurt company earnings and stock prices as well.

Rising bond yields might continue to have a negative effect on stock values, because as they move up, borrowing costs for most businesses also rise, cutting into profits. Higher yields could also entice risk-averse investors to sell their stocks and buy more stable bonds instead.

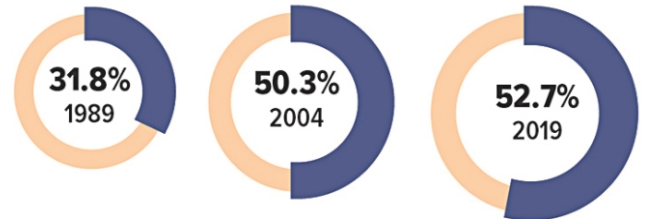
Legislative or Regulatory Impacts

Some government actions (such as antitrust lawsuits, higher taxes, and more stringent regulations or standards) make it more difficult and expensive for companies to do business, which can adversely affect their earnings and stock prices. On the other hand, government subsidies and tariffs on foreign products can provide competitive advantages.

The Justice Department, Federal Trade Commission, and numerous states are in the midst of antitrust lawsuits or major investigations into the business

practices of several market-dominating tech companies.³ In another example, the Securities and Exchange Commission is considering new standards for corporate disclosures related to environmental, social, and governance risks.⁴

Percentage of U.S. Households Who Own Stocks*



*Owned directly or indirectly through investment vehicles

Source: Investment Company Institute, 2021 (data from Federal Reserve Board Survey of Consumer Finances)

Event or Headline-Driven Volatility

Headline risk refers to the possibility that events reported in the media could hurt a company's reputation and/or earnings prospects. Troubling news can cause market backlash against a specific company or an entire industry. Companies try to manage this risk through public relations campaigns and other efforts to generate positive news that leaves a good impression on consumers. Events that threaten to disrupt business activity nationwide, regionally, or around the world can cause sudden stock market declines.

The market responds to news, good or bad, almost every day. For this reason, your portfolio should be designed to weather a range of market conditions and have a risk profile that reflects your ability to endure periods of market volatility, both financially and emotionally.

The principal value of bonds may fluctuate with changes in interest rates and market conditions. Bonds redeemed prior to maturity may be worth more or less than their original cost. The return and principal value of stocks fluctuate with changes in market conditions. Shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Investments seeking to achieve higher yields also involve a higher degree of risk.

1) *The Wall Street Journal*, March 8, 2021

2) Federal Reserve, March 17, 2021

3) Reuters, December 16, 2020

4) *The Wall Street Journal*, February 24, 2021

Tips for Managing an Inheritance

As the beneficiary of an inheritance, you are most likely to be faced with making many important decisions during an emotional time. Short of meeting any required tax or legal deadlines, don't make any hasty decisions concerning your inheritance.

Identify a Team of Trusted Professionals

Tax laws and requirements can be complicated. Consult with professionals who are familiar with assets that transfer at death. These professionals may include an attorney, an accountant, and a financial and/or insurance professional.

Be Aware of the Tax Consequences

Generally, you probably will not owe income tax on assets you inherit. However, your income tax liability may eventually increase. Any income that is generated by inherited assets may be subject to income tax, and if those assets produce a substantial amount of income, your tax bracket may increase. This is particularly true if you receive distributions from a tax-qualified retirement plan such as a 401(k) or an IRA. You may need to re-evaluate your income tax withholding or begin paying estimated tax.

You also may need to consider the amount of potential transfer (estate) taxes that your estate may owe, due to the increase in the size of your estate after factoring in your inheritance. You may need to consider ways to help reduce these potential taxes.

How You Inherit Assets Makes a Difference

Your inheritance may be received through a trust or you may inherit assets outright. When you inherit through a trust, you'll receive distributions according to the terms of the trust. You may not have total control over your inheritance as you would if you inherited the assets outright.

Familiarize yourself with the trust document and the terms under which you are to receive trust distributions. You will have to communicate with the trustee of the trust, who is responsible for the administration of the trust and the distribution of assets according to the terms of the trust.

Even if you're used to handling your own finances, receiving a significant inheritance may promote spending without planning. Although you may want to quit your job, or buy a car, a house, or luxury items, this may not be in your best interest. Consider your future needs, as well, if you want your wealth to last. It's a good idea to wait at least a few months after inheriting money to formulate a financial plan. You'll want to consider your current lifestyle and your future goals, formulate a financial strategy to meet those goals, and determine how taxes may reduce your estate.



Receiving a significant inheritance may promote spending without planning, but don't make any hasty decisions.

Develop a Financial Plan

Once you have determined the value and type of assets you will inherit, consider how those assets will fit into your financial plan. For example, in the short term, you may want to pay off consumer debt such as high-interest loans or credit cards. Your long-term planning needs and goals may be more complex. You may want to fund your child's college education, put more money into a retirement account, invest, plan to help reduce taxes, or travel.

Evaluate Your Insurance Needs

Depending on the type of assets you inherit, your insurance needs may need to be adjusted. For instance, if you inherit valuable personal property, you may need to adjust your property and casualty insurance coverage. Your additional wealth from your inheritance means you probably have more to lose in the event of a lawsuit. You may want to purchase an umbrella liability policy that can help protect you against actual loss, large judgments, and the cost of legal representation. You may also need to recalculate the amount of life insurance you need because of your inheritance. The cost and availability of life insurance depend on factors such as age, health, and the type and amount of insurance purchased.

Evaluate Your Estate Plan

Depending on the value of your inheritance, it may be appropriate to re-evaluate your estate plan. Estate planning involves conserving your money and putting it to work so that it best fulfills your goals. It also means helping reduce your exposure to potential taxes and creating a comfortable financial future for your family and other intended beneficiaries.

Some things you should consider are to whom your estate will be distributed, whether the beneficiary(ies) of your estate are capable of managing the inheritance on their own, and how you can best shield your estate from estate taxes. If you have minor children, you may want to protect them from asset mismanagement by nominating an appropriate guardian or setting up a trust for them. If you have a will, your inheritance may make it necessary to make significant changes to that document, or you may want to make an entirely new will or trust. There are costs and ongoing expenses associated with the creation and maintenance of trusts and wills. Consult with an estate planning attorney for proper guidance.

Tips for Keeping Your Teen Driver Safe Behind the Wheel

For many teenagers, getting a driver's license is a rite of passage that brings them one step closer to adulthood. Unfortunately, distracted driving, drinking and driving, and not wearing a seat belt are just some of the known risks associated with teenage drivers.¹

Most parents are painfully aware that automobile crashes are a leading cause of injury and death among teenagers.² Fortunately, there are proven strategies to help prevent these tragedies, and your role as a parent is essential. Here are some steps you can take to help keep your teen safe behind the wheel.

Check your state's graduated driver licensing program (GDL). GDL programs have been adopted in every state and are designed to allow young, novice drivers to practice their driving skills in low-risk situations. Restrictions such as late-night driving curfews and passenger limitations are gradually lifted, and greater responsibility is granted until teens ultimately earn full driving privileges.

GDL programs typically have three stages, beginning with a learner's permit, followed by a provisional license, and ultimately leading to a full, unrestricted license. Be sure to review the GDL laws in your state and require your teen driver to follow them, even though they may seem restrictive or inconvenient.

Set a good example for your teen. Talk regularly with your teen about the importance of maintaining good driving habits and be sure to replicate that

behavior when driving. You should also emphasize specific risks, such as cell phone use, speeding, and the use of drugs and/or alcohol while driving.



Talk regularly with your teen about the importance of maintaining good driving habits and be sure to replicate that behavior when driving.

You may even want to make driving rules and consequences more clear by creating a parent-teen driving agreement. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention has a sample agreement that you can download at [cdc.gov](https://www.cdc.gov).

Take advantage of safe driving incentives. Although insuring a newly licensed driver may come with sticker shock, rates typically go down as a young driver gains more experience and maintains a clean driving record. In addition, many insurance companies offer discounts through safe driving incentive programs.

Ask your insurance company if it offers a good student discount (typically for students with a B or higher grade-point average) or a discount if you utilize a mobile app to monitor your teen's driving habits.

1-2) Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2020

Securities and Advisory Services are offered through Nations Financial Group, Inc (NFGI) member FINRA/SIPC, a Registered Investment Adviser. Ross and Rylan DeValois are Registered Representatives of NFGI. MidAmerica Securities Mgt Co and NFGI are not affiliated. Availability of investment and advisory services subject to applicable licensing requirements.

The material has been prepared or is distributed solely for information purposes and is not a solicitation or an offer to buy any security or instrument, or to participate in any trading strategy. NFGI did not assist with the preparation of the content in this newsletter, and its accuracy and completeness are not guaranteed. The opinions expressed in this newsletter are those of the author(s) and are not necessarily those of NFGI. Any information provided is general in nature and is not tailored to your individual investment objectives, or needs, or relate to any specific investments. Any investment(s) or strategies discussed may not be suitable for all investors. Investors must make their own decisions based on their specific investment objectives and financial circumstances.

Although general information about the potential impact of taxes on various investment scenarios and/or estate planning may be provided, it should be made clear that NFGI and MidAmerica Securities Mgt Co do not offer any legal or tax advice.